

Centripetal Force

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Mr Gobbles



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Centripetal Force

$$F_c = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

- Centripetal Force (N)
- Mass (kg)
- Velocity (m/s)
- Radius (m)



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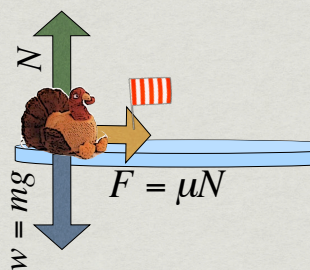


PROJECT **MERRY-GO-ROUND**
CAROUSELS HAVE HORSES!

DATE 5/26/2010 CLIENT WHS

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Forces on the Turkey



$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = \mu N$$

$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = \mu mg$$

$$\frac{v^2}{rg} = \mu$$

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BIG SWING

WHAT KEEPS YOU FROM FALLING?

DATE 5/26/2010

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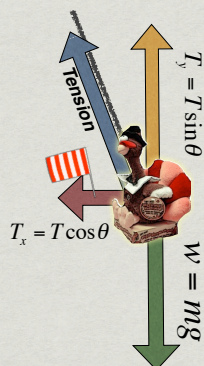
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At an Angle

$$mg = T \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = T \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{rg}{v^2} = \tan \theta$$



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THE ROTOR

WHAT KEEPS YOU FROM FALLING?

DATE 5/26/2010

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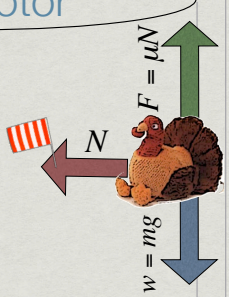
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The Rotor

$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = N \quad mg = \mu N$$

$$mg = \mu \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$\mu = \frac{rg}{v^2}$$



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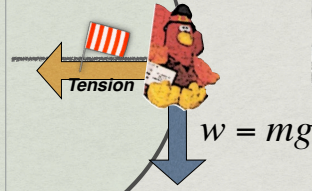


PROJECT **LOOPS**
WHAT KEEPS YOU FROM FALLING?

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Vertical Circles -Side

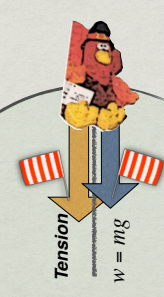


$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = T$$

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Vertical Circles -Top

$$T + w = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$



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Vertical Circles
-Bottom

$$T - w = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

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Vertical Circles
Honors- Any point

$$T - mg \cos \theta = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

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BANKED TURNS
A NORMAL THING TO DO

PROJECT
DATE 5/26/2010
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Honors -
On a banked turn

$$N \sin \theta = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$N \cos \theta = mg$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v^2}{rg}$$

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Universal Gravitation

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Newton's Law of Universal Gravitation

- * F Force of Gravity
- * M First Mass (kg)
- * m second mass (kg)
- * r distance (m)

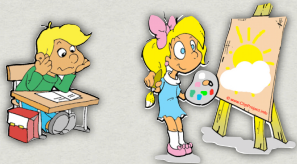
$$F_g = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$$

$$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2 / \text{kg}^2$$

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Between Students

$$F_g = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$$



- * What is the force of attraction between the 50kg boy and the 40kg girl that is 1.5m in front of him?
- * $5.93 \times 10^{-8} \text{ N}$
- * What forces are strong enough to hold him back?

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Between Planets

$$F_g = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$$



- * What is the force of attraction between the $5.97 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$ Earth and the $7.24 \times 10^{22} \text{ kg}$ moon that is $3.84 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$ away?
- * $1.955 \times 10^{20} \text{ N}$
- * What is the result of this force?

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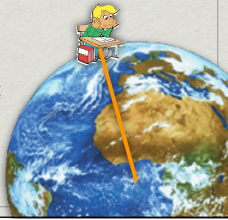
Weight

- What is the force of attraction between the $5.97 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$ Earth and the 50 kg boy that is $6.371 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$ away?

* **490.5 N**

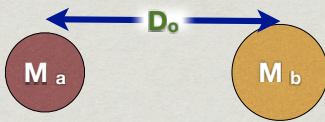
- What do you get if you divide that by his mass?

$$F_g = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$$



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Relative Changes



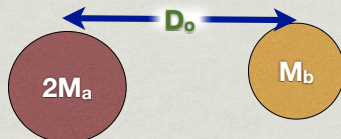
- These two masses have a force between them of 100 N

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Relative Changes



- What is the force between the masses below?

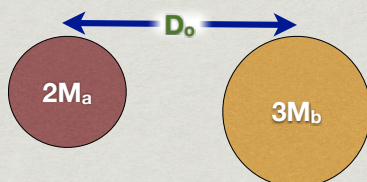


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Relative Changes



- What is the force between the masses below?



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Relative Changes

What is the force between the masses below?

25

Relative Changes

What is the force between the masses below?

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Relative Changes

What is the force between the masses below?

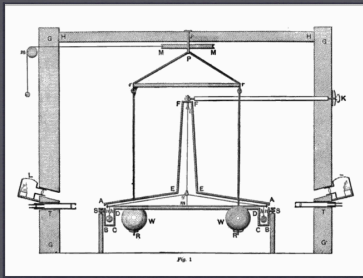
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Relative Changes

What is the force between the masses below?

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Cavendish Torsion Balance



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Angular Velocity ω

- Find the velocity and centripetal acceleration of a test pilot

- $r = 3.4 \text{ m}$

- $\omega = 90 \text{ rpm}$



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Angular Velocity ω

- Find the velocity of a car on the London Eye:

- $r = 42 \text{ m}$

- $\omega = 18^\circ/\text{min}$



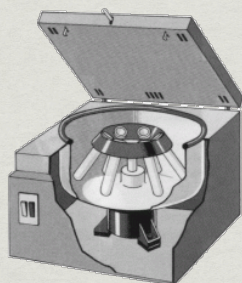
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Angular Velocity ω

- Find the velocity of a test tube in a centrifuge:

- $r = 6 \text{ cm}$

- $\omega = 2826 \text{ rad/s}$



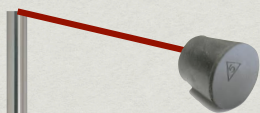
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Angular Velocity ω

- Find the velocity of a rubber stopper:

- $r = 70\text{cm}$

- $\omega = 20\text{rev}/12\text{s}$



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