## Physics - Academic Final 2012-2013 FINAL ASSESSMENT - ACADEMIC PHYSICS

You may write on these pages. Make sure you mark your answers clearly on the answer sheet. You may use a programmable calculator. The following information may help you in solving the problems. Make sure your answer sheet includes your name, your class period and the test form.

You may need to use the following equations, as well as others you have learned.

Feel free to separate the equation sheet from the remainder of the exam.

Constants, Units and Vectors			
$g=9.8m/s^2$	$R = \sqrt{R_X^2 + R_Y^2}, at(Tan^{-1}\frac{R_y}{R_x})$		
$G = 6.67  imes 10^{11} (Nm^2/kg^2)$	$k = 9x10^9 (Nm^2/C^2)$	$c=3 imes 10^8$	
Kinematics and Projectiles			
$x_{f} = x_{i} + v_{i} + \frac{1}{2}at^{2}$	$ig  v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$	$v_f = v_i + at$	
Forces and Circular Motion			
F = ma	$\mathbf{T} = Fd\sin\theta$	w = mg	
$a_c = rac{v}{r}^2$	$F_c=rac{mv}{r}^2$	$F_f = \mu N$	
Energy and Momentum			
W = Fd	p = mv	$J = F \times t$	
$P = \frac{W}{t}$	$F \times t = \Delta(mv)$	$Eff = \frac{Work_{out}}{Work_{in}}$	
$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$	PE = mgh	$PE = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$	

Physics - Academic Final 2012-2013

Harmonics			
$T=2\pi\sqrt{rac{l}{g}}$	$T{=}2\pi\sqrt{rac{m}{k}}$	F = -kx	
Sound and Light			
$igg  f_o = f_sigg(rac{v\pm v_o}{v\mp v_s}igg)$	$rac{1}{f}=rac{1}{d_i}+rac{1}{d_o}$	$V = f\lambda$	
$n = \frac{c}{v}$	$f = \frac{r}{2}$	$m\lambda = d\sin\theta$	
$n_i \sin \theta_i = n_r \sin \theta_r$	$\theta_i = \theta_r$	$M=rac{h_{i}}{h_{o}}=-rac{d_{i}}{d_{o}}$	
Thermodynamics and Materials			
$Q = mc\Delta T$	Q = mL	$\Delta L = L_o \alpha \Delta T$	
$H = \frac{kA\Delta T}{l}$	$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$	$P = \frac{F}{A}$	
$P = \rho g h$	$W = \rho V g$		
Electricity and Magnetism			
$F = \frac{kQq}{d^2}$	$W = qV = \frac{kQq}{d}$	$V = Ed = \frac{kQ}{d}$	
$E = \frac{kQ}{d^2} = \frac{F}{q}$	$W_{cap}=rac{1}{2}QV$	Q = VC	
V = IR	P = IV	$EMF = \frac{\Delta\Phi}{t}$	
$F = IlB\sin\theta$	$F = QvB\sin\theta$	$\Phi = BA\cos\theta$	